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Initiating Factors of Cholesterol Gallstones and Pancreatitis

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (1), 3~16, 1976.

The initiating factors of cholesterol gallstones were studied and a large intake of highly refined carbohydrate such as sugar and of animal fats such as butter fat containing a large amount of short or medium chain and saturated fatty acids, and a deficient intake of vegetable fibres were incriminated.

In addition, the mechanism of the syntropy of acute pancreatitis with cholesterol gallstones were elucidated.

京都大学医学部外科学教室第2講座 谷村 弘, 塩田隆三, 室家大久, 竹中正文, 長瀬正夫

Neurochemical Studies of Reactive Proliferative Glial Cells upon Injured Rat Brain, and their Relations to Blood-Brain-Barrier

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (1) 17~27, 1976.

The metabolic specificity of reactive proliferative glial cells produced by subpial undercutting of unilateral frontal lobe of rat brain, especially on the functional feature of blood-brain-barrier was studied morphologically and biochemically.

The basic morphological structure of the B.B.B., so-called vasoglia unit, was kept almost normally in the relation to these structure of the tissue after the completion of gliosis.

Biochemically, the reactive proliferative glial cells were merely regarded as the cicatricial tissue, rather the gliosis itself had some functional specificity in the B.B.B.

Osteochondral Fracture (exogenous) of the Femoral Condyle

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (1), 28~35, 1976.

We have experienced two cases of osteochondral fracture (exogenous). One case is a fracture of the medial femoral condyle in a young subject. The other case is a fracture of the lateral femoral condyle in an aged subject. In the juvenile case, a wedge-shaped osteochondral fragment was found on the weight-bearing surface with minor displacement, and treated conservatively. In the older case, large fragments accompanied by a thin subchondral bone on the weight-bearing surface were found, with a major displacement. The fragment was reduced and fixed by a screw with a favorable course in both cases. Transplantation of osteochondral fragment was also discussed.

京都府立医科大学整形外科科学教室 神田喜三郎, 伊藤鎮雄

Efficiency of the On-off Valve in the Cerebrospinal Fluid Shunt

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (1), 36~39 1976.

Efficiency of the use of the on-off valve in the cerebrospinal fluid shunt was described. This valve allowed the surgeon to keep either open or closed condition for shunting system by percutaneous manipulation. The main purpose of this valve was to prevent the post-shunt subdural hematoma and to reduce the low pressure syndrome as headache etc., when the patient was upright. From our experiences of four cases with the cerebrospinal fluid shunt in so-called normal pressure hydrocephalus, obstructive hydrocephalus due to aqueductal compression and infantile hydrocephalus, the indication, the operative technique, and the results were discussed.

Two Cases of Coloplasty for Congenital Short Colon

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (1), 40~44 1976.

Coloplasty with dilated short colon was made in two patients of congenital short colon. The postoperative course of these patients were comparatively good. Since the histological findings are almost normal and the function of the colon may be preserved, coloplasty is worth trying.

東北大学医学部第2外科学講座 千葉庸夫 葛西森夫
大原総合病院小児外科 浅倉義弘

6

Congenital Segmental Dilatation of the Colon

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (1) 45~47 1976.

Congenital segmental dilatation is comparatively uncommon disease. We have experienced a case in whom an autopsy was performed at Tohoku University Hospital and a segmental dilatation of the colon was found. This is a report of a case with pathological and histological findings.

Pathogenesis of Cervical Spondylotic Myelopathy

Experimental and Clinical Studies—

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (2), 51~68, 1976.

Department of Orthopedic Surgery, Shimane Prefectural Central Hospital.

Experimentally, the dynamic nature and intensity of the cervical cord in cross-section were measured, and also the stress distribution in cord compression was analyzed by the photo-elastic method.

Discussing the relationship between the stress distribution and the pathways of the blood vessels in the cord, it was presumed that the selective cord lesion in this condition would be produced by the stresses and the subsequent ischemia in the cord.

It is concluded that the hypothesis presumed experimentally could be accepted even clinically, resulting from the radiological and neurological analysis of the myelopathic cases.

島根県立中央病院整形外科 富永積生

8

An Attempt of Quantitative Assessment of the Intracardiac Shunts using Radiocardiogram

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (2), 69~86, 1976.

Manual analysis of the radioisotope dilution curves without the assistance of analog computer simulation for the quantitative assessment of the cardiac left-to-right shunts was attempted. Among all parameters used, $T_{\frac{1}{2}}/BT$ (half-time divided by build-up time) of the pulmonary dilution curves gave the best result with a good correlation between $T_{\frac{1}{2}}/BT$ and the shunt ratio by the Fick method ($r=0.92$, regression equation : shunt ratio = $28.78 \times T_{\frac{1}{2}}/BT + 2.358$). Right-to-left shunt group was separated well from the control group by using ATp/BT (appearance time of the peripheral arterial dilution curves divided by build-up time of the precordial or the pulmonary dilution curves).

京都大学医学部外科学教室第2講座 横田通夫

Operative Results and Postoperative Hemodynamic Results in Total Collection of Tetralogy of Fallot—With Special Reference to Patient's Age and Enlargement of Right Ventricular Outflow tract—

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (2), 87~108, 1976.

Intracardiac repair for Fallot's tetralogy was performed on 135 patients. Operative mortality was not influenced by age factors. Pulmonary annulus should be greater than 18cm^2 per unit BSA in the patients with BSA less than 0.6M^2 . Residual pulmonary stenosis was milder in the younger patients and in the patients with larger cross-sectional area index of pulmonary annulus. When an outflow patch was used, pulmonary regurgitation was negligible as far as cross-sectional area index was less than $2.6\text{cm}^2/\text{M}^2$. For a symptomatic patients, primary intracardiac repair is preferable regardless of age and weight if pulmonary arteries are of adequate size.

近畿大学医学部第2外科学教室 奥 秀喬

10

Pathophysiological Studies on the Early Stages of Intraventricular Hemorrhages in Dogs

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (2), 109~122, 1976.

Little work on the pathophysiology of intraventricular hemorrhages has been done until the present. The author carried out pathophysiological studies on artificially induced intraventricular hemorrhages in dogs. The intracranial pressure, the lumbar pressure, the systemic blood pressure, and the vertebral blood flow were measured continuously in dogs which had autoblood injected into their lateral ventricles. At the same time, changes in their respiration and their EEG were recorded. The results of this experiment showed that the intracranial pressure was more affected by the speed of blood injection, the volume of injected blood, and the respiratory disturbances, than by the blocking of the cerebro-spinal fluid circulation. The blood pressure, the respiration, the vertebral blood flow, and the EEG showed marked changes when the intracranial pressure rose to more than $500\text{mmH}_2\text{O}$.

岩手医科大学脳神経外科学教室 小林東洋

Experimental Evaluation of Assisted Extracorporeal Circulation Using LANDÉ-EDWARDS Membrane Oxygenator for Induced Acute Pulmonary Insufficiency

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (2), 123~133, 1976.

The present study has been carried out to learn the effect of assisted extracorporeal circulation using LANDÉ-EDWARDS membrane oxygenator on acute pulmonary insufficiency induced by infusing oleic acid of a lethal dose into the right ventricle. Veno-arterial and veno-venous perfusions were performed with a flow rate of 50ml/kg/min. Hemodynamic changes and the survival time were evaluated. It is concluded that veno-arterial perfusion is beneficial for pulmonary insufficiency induced by embolism because of ameliorating right ventricular overloading as well as improving blood-gas exchange and venovenous one is rather harmful for this disorder.

山口大学医学部外科学教室第1講座 角 隆一

An Experimental and Clinical Study on Flexion Movement of the Finger—Changes in Flexion Movement Related to Structural Impairments

YASUO UEBA

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (2), 134~174, 1976.

Structural impairments have drawn little attention as a cause to limit the digital flexion movement, whereas tendon adhesion and joint contracture have been considered to be important factors. Changes in the digital flexion produced by various structural impairments in the hand were studied experimentally and clinically. Six amputated hands were utilized in the experiment, and the results were compared to the postoperative digital movements on clinical observation. It was concluded in this study that impairments of such structures as the pulley, the lumbrical muscle or the flexor tendon produce the corresponding limitations of the digital flexion movement.

京都大学医学部整形外科学教室 上羽康夫

Laminectomy for Spinal Cord Compression from Metastatic Tumor

AKIRA HATTORI

Department of Orthopedic Surgery, Akita University School of Medicine, Akita Japan.

Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (2), 175~180, 1976.

The results of decompression laminectomy were assessed in a series of nine patients with spinal cord compression due to metastatic tumors.

Seven patients lived more than six months after operations. In six patients, relative successful results were obtained. In general, the more rapid the rate of progression was and the longer the duration of severe neurological deficits was, the less favorable was the postoperative prognosis.

Decompression with laminectomy and with attempted removal of the metastatic tumor is recommended in most of the cases with spinal cord compression due to metastatic tumor, except those with a rapid progression of symptoms.

秋田大学医学部整形外科学教室 服部 彰

An Experimental Study on the Proliferation of Epiphyseal Cartilage Cells After Partial Resection of Epiphyseal Plate

KISABURO SAKAKIDA and BUNJI YAMASHITA

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (3), 201~212, 1976

Two kinds of injuries were inflicted on the medial 1/3 of the proximal epiphyseal cartilage of the tibia of young Wistar rats. The mode of repair was studied using ³H-thymidine autoradiography.

Consequently, after resection of the hypertrophic cell layer and primary spongiosa the height of the epiphyseal cartilage was increased markedly, followed by a return to the control level. However, resection of the total epiphyseal cartilage resulted in formation of bony bridge at the site of injury, which a decrease in height of the remaining epiphyseal cartilage.

It is thought to be due to the capacity of the proliferating layer.

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Statistical Study on Peripheral Nerve Injury

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (3), 213~221, 1976

A statistical study was done on the series of 590 cases of peripheral nerve injuries which were examined and treated at authors' Department in the period of 12 years between April 1, 1963 and March 31, 1975. Patients with peripheral nerve lesions possibly or apparently due to viral infections or systemic diseases were excluded from this study.

The peripheral nerve injuries that were encountered in daily practice presented increasing complexity in their features, due to a drastic increase of industrial and traffic injuries in the recent decades.

京都府立医科大学整形外科教室 平沢泰介, 小田良之輔, 中谷勝也, 四方義朗
牧野督太郎, 諸富武文

A Collective Review of the 336 Cases of Gallstones Operated on at 17 Hospitals

- The first report -

MASAO NAGASE, HIROSHI TANIMURA, MASAFUMI TAKENAKA and MOTOICHI SETOYAMA

The 2nd Surgical Department Kyoto University School of Medicine (Director . Prof. Dr. YORINORI HIKASA) Sakyo-ku, Kyoto, Japan.

Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (3), 222~226, 1976

The authors, intending to know the present status of cholelithiasis in Japan, began to collect the operation records of the patients operated on for cholelithiasis at 17 hospitals since September 1975. As the first report, the kinds and locations of stones and the modes of operation were presented of the 336 cases collected up to February 1976. Although cholesterol stones in the gallbladder were dominant, bilirubin stones in the common bile duct were not infrequent

京都大学医学部外科学教室第2講座 長瀬正夫, 谷村弘, 竹中正文, 瀬戸山元一

4

Reconstruction of the Occluded Popliteal Artery

- Popliteal Artery Entrapment Syndrome and Buerger's Disease -

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Department of Surgery, Takayama Red Cross Hospital. Takayama, Gifu, Japan.

Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (3), 227~232, 1976

Two cases of occlusion of the popliteal artery due to entrapment by an abnormal laterally attached medial head of the gastrocnemius and thromboangitis obliterans are reported.

1) Popliteal artery entrapment syndrome: Exploration of the right popliteal artery demonstrated an abnormal lateral attachment of the medial head of the gastrocnemius muscle with compression of the artery. An endarterectomy was performed and a patch graft of saphenous vein was used to reconstruct the artery.

2) Buerger's disease: A femoral arteriogram revealed incomplete occlusion of popliteal artery. Replacement of the involved segment of the artery was accomplished with segment of saphenous vein.

高山赤十字病院外科 岩橋寛治, 村田真司, 安永敏美, 高橋 崋, 五郎川正己

Electron Microscopic Studies on Endocrine Cells and Exocrine Cells in Gastric Mucosa of Rats —I. Endocrine cells in Gastric Mucosa of Fasting Rats—

MASAHIRO SANO

The 2nd Surgical Department, Kyoto University, Faculty of Medicine (Director : Prof. Dr. YORINORI HIKASA)

The Surgical Department, Kansai-Denryoku Hospital (Director: Dr. Yuzo SUGIMOTO)

Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (4), 243~264, 1976.

The endocrine cells of the gastrointestinal tract have been known recently as the origins of the gastrointestinal hormones and classified to several cell types.

With an attempt to elucidate the relationships between the cell types and their producing hormones, in this paper, the endocrine cells in the fasting rat stomach were studied using an electron microscope.

At least 7 cell types of the endocrine cells were identified in the rat stomach on the basis of their morphological differences. The relationships between these cell types and the proposed hormones they secrete are discussed here.

関西電力病院外科, 京都大学医学部外科学教室第2講座 佐野正博

Electron Microscopic Studies on Endocrine Cells and Exocrine Cells in Gastric Mucosa of Rats —II. Morphological Changes in Chief Cells and Parietal Cells After Fasting, Refeeding, and Electric Vagal Stimulation—

MASAHIRO SANO

The 2nd Surgical Department, Kyoto University, Faculty of Medicine (Director : Prof. Dr. YORINORI HIKASA)

The Surgical Department, Kansai-Denryoku Hospital (Director: Dr. Yuzo SUGIMOTO)

Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (4), 265~278, 1976.

A study was made of the changes in the fine structure in the chief cells and parietal cells in the gastric fundus gland of rats after fasting, refeeding and electric vagal stimulation.

The results showed that there existed the relation between the morphological changes in these cells and their functional states.

The following suggestion was also obtained that an electric vagal stimulation might damage the physiological cycle of secretion and synthesis in these cells, although both secretion and synthesis were stimulated by refeeding.

関西電力病院外科, 京都大学医学部外科学教室第2講座 佐野正博

Studies on Extragastric Gastrin : Its Secretion Mechanism

TOICHI SOGAME

From the Department of Surgery 1, Yamaguchi University School of Medicine (Director : Prof. Dr. RIKIO YAMAKI) Ube, Yamaguchi, Japan.

Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (4), 279~288, 1976.

1) Thirty days after distal and total gastrectomies, serum gastrin levels recovered to more than 60% of preoperative levels.

2) Serum gastrin levels changed more remarkably in the Billroth II than in the Billroth I group after meals and after giving glycine. This phenomenon was caused by alkalization in the duodenal lumen and disappeared after truncal vagotomy.

3) A relationship was not found between serum gastrin levels and digestive ability.

4) By immunofluorescence, G-cells were seen in canine duodenal mucosa up to 11 cm distal to the pyloric ring, but were not seen in the upper jejunum.

Intraarticular Injection of Mucopolysaccharide Polysulfuric Acid Ester in the Treatment of Osteoarthritis of the Hip Joints

SEISUKE TANAKA and TETSUO ITO Department of Orthopedic Surgery Faculty of Medicine Kyoto University.

(Director : Prof. Dr. Tetsuo Ito) Sakyo-ku, Kyoto, Japan

Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (4), 289~297, 1976.

In the treatment of osteoarthritis of the hip joint, intraarticular injections of mucopolysaccharide polysulfuric acid ester (Arteparon forte) were given to nine patients (including five with congenital acetabular dysplasia, three with idiopathic avascular necrosis of the femoral head, and one with primary osteoarthritis). Pain was relieved in all patients. Therapeutic effects have continued for three years and one month. Side effects are negligible. On the basis of the therapeutic results Arteparon is considered to be suitable drug to be prescribed before surgical intervention.

京都大学医学部整形外科教室 田中清介 伊藤鉄夫

Ventriculography and Myelography with Water-soluble Contrast Media

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JYOJI HANDA and HAJIME HANDA Kyoto University Medical School and Hospital (Director : Prof. Dr. HAJIME HANDA) Sakyo-ku, Kyoto, Japan.

Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (4), 298~310, 1976.

Experiences in ventriculographies and myelographies with a new water-soluble contrast medium, Dimer-X (Meglumine iocarmate 60%) were summarized. Available literature was reviewed and the merit and demerit of use of water-soluble contrast media for radiographic study of ventricles and spinal subarachnoid space were discussed.

福井赤十字病院脳神経外科 小山素麿, 花北順哉, 近藤明恵
京都大学医学部脳神経外科学教室 半田讓二, 半田 肇

Studies on Administration of Cephalosporin in Extracorporeal Circulation

KINYA YAMADA, NORIKAZU TATSUTA, MITSUHIKO MATSUDA, NOBU-YOSHI DAITO and MINORU AOSHIMA

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(Director: Prof. Dr. YORINORI HIKASA) Sakyo-ku, Kyoto, Japan.

Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (4), 311~318, 1976.

Prophylactic administration of wide spectrum Cephalosporin, namely Cefazolin and Cephalothin in open heart surgery with extracorporeal circulation was studied for their safe and adequate dosage. The results obtained were as follows.

1) With the body weight of 20kg or less, administration of 0.5 to 1.0g Cefazolin for every 60 minutes' extracorporeal circulation maintained adequate serum level. For the body weight exceeding 20kg, initial dose was 2g and for every additional 60 minutes' extracorporeal circulation, 1 g was required.

2) With the body weight of 20kg or less, prophylactic administration of 1.0g of Cephalothin for every 40 minutes' extracorporeal circulation was adequate. For the body weight exceeding 20kg, initial dose was 3g, and additional dose of 2g for every exceeding 40 minutes' extracorporeal circulation was necessary.

京都大学医学部外科学教室第2講座 山田公弥 龍田憲和 松田光彦 大頭信義 青嶋 実

Torsion of the Floating Gall Bladder

RYUZO SHIODA, KANAE MATSUDA, and YOSHINOBU NOMURA

Surgical Department of the Japan Baptist Hospital.

YOH KASAHARA

The 2nd Surgical Department of Kinki University, School of Medicine.

Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (4), 319~323, 1976.

The purpose of publishing this article on torsion of the gall bladder is to define the characteristic aspects of this disease, which has been reported rarely in the Japanese medical literature, by reviewing the previous case reports and including the present two cases and also to remind physicians of the possibility of this disease in order to reduce the high mortality by early diagnosis and surgery. Two cases are presented, one a young boy and the other is an elderly female.

日本バプテスト病院外科 塩田隆三, 松田香苗, 野村義信
近畿大学医学部第2外科学教室 笠原 洋

Ultrastructural Alterations of the Nerve Cell Bodies in the Dog Superior Cervical Ganglion, Following Surgical Destruction of the Hypothalamus

TAKAYUKI NAGANO

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (4), 329~338, 1976

The hypothalamic locus between the infundibulum and the mamillary body of the dog was destroyed by means of electrocoagulation, and the changes in the nerve cell bodies of the superior cervical ganglia were examined with an electron microscope during the period from 3 to 14 days after the operation.

The results show that the intranucleolar lighter zone of the sympathetic postganglionic neurons with the hypothalamus destructed was consistently more enlarged than in the control dogs.

Also, the perikaryal lysosomes in the neurons increased greatly in number in the dogs subjected to the hypothalamic destruction.

岩手医科大学脳神経外科学教室 長野隆行

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Comparative Study on Vagotomy Procedures in Relation to Biliary Composition

KATSUHIKO KOMAKI

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (5), 339~355, 1976

This is study investigated the effect of the vagus nerves on gall bladder bile of dogs in relation to the pathogenesis of lithogenic bile. Animals with truncal vagotomy showed remarkable changes in the major biliary components, while those with selective gastric vagotomy did not show any changes except for transient postvagotomy ones, as compared with the untreated controls. The conclusion is that preservation of the hepatic and posterior celiac vagi should be attempted in performing vagotomy for peptic ulcers as well as radical operations for cancer of the stomach or the esophagus.

大阪北遥信病院外科 小牧勝彦

Cancer Immunotherapy with BCG for Patients with Stomach Cancers

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Yoh Kasahara

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (4), 356~368, 1976

In recent years, Morton and Mathé have reported that immunotherapy with BCG was effective in prolonging remissions in malignant melanoma and leukemia. The author paid attention to their reports and decided to apply cancer non-specific immunotherapy with BCG to patients with stomach cancers after palliative or non-curative surgery. Some investigators insist that BCG is not effective in controlling cancers of the gastrointestinal tract, such as stomach and colon. We have, however, noted the interesting result that patients who received BCG immunotherapy survived longer than untreated controls.

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Electron Microscopic Studies on Endocrine Cells and Exocrine Cells in Gastric Mucosa of Rats

III. Effects of Vagotomy on Exocrine Cells and Endocrine Cells

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (5), 369~389, 1976

Light and electron microscopic studies were made on the gastric mucosa of rats after truncal vagotomy with pyloroplasty.

Light microscopic observations demonstrated that the atrophy of the gastric gland occurred.

Electron microscopic examinations showed the increased number of tubulovesicles, the narrowed intracellular canaliculi, and the short microvilli in the parietal cells, and showed the storage of the zymogen granules and the dilatation and atrophy of the rough endoplasmic reticulum in the chief cells.

There were no remarkable morphological changes in the fine structures in most of the endocrine cells in the pyloric gland except where the postganglionic fibers of the vagus were degenerated.

関西電力病院外科, 京都大学医学部外科学教室第2講座 佐野正博

Effect of Glucagon Administration on Blood Glucose Level in Totally Depancreatized Dogs

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (5), 390~397, 1976

Mongrel dogs which survived over 2 weeks after the operation, were injected subcutaneously a dose of 40 μ g/kg glucagon.

Blood samples were taken for the purpose of measuring blood glucose, serum insulin and glucagon levels.

The results are as follows ;

- 1) The lower the fasting blood glucose level was the higher the increasing rate of blood glucose level was observed
- 2) A close relationship between the increasing rate of blood glucose level after the injection of glucagon and glucose assimilation index after the insulin administration was demonstrated.

The higher the level of glucose assimilation index was, the higher the increasing rate of blood glucose level was observed.

京都大学医学部外科学教室第1講座 西村一郎

Treatment of Shunt Infection : Conversion of External Ventricular Drainage to Gastric Shunt for Persistent Ventriculitis

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (5), 398~400, 1976

Abstract : A case of infantile hydrocephalus is reported in which an external ventricular drainage applied to control shunt infection with persistent ventriculitis was successfully maintained for extended periods in the stomach. A ventriculo-gastric shunt could be substituted the external ventricular drainage when shunt infection occurred.

京都大学医学部脳神経外科学教室 森 惟明, 半田 肇

Successful Ligation of the Patent Ductus Arteriosus in a 1,710-gram Premature Baby with RDS and the Review of the Literature

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (5), 401~426, 1976

A successful ligation of a patent ductus arteriosus in a 53-day-old, 1,710-gram premature baby with respiratory distress syndrome for the treatment of medically unresponsive congestive heart failure was reported. The baby is doing well 22 months postoperatively. The literature was reviewed and was described in detail.

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京都大学医学部小児科学教室 中野博行, 馬場清, 清水澄太, 伏屋芳文

京都大学医学部麻酔学教室 清水礼寿

Clinical Studies on Results of Repair of Ventricular Septal Defect Associated with Severe Pulmonary Hypertension

—Mortality and Hemodynamic Changes in Various Age Groups—

YOSHIO KANZAKI

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Department of Surgery, Heart Institute, Hyogo Kenritsu Amagasaki Hospital (Director : Dr. HITOSHI SHIROTANI)

Arch. Jap. Chir., 45(6), 437~456, 1976.

Primary repair of isolated ventricular septal defect associated with severe pulmonary hypertension was performed on 181 patients. Mortality related to the degree of pulmonary vascular disease, not to the patient's age, and was acceptably low in later series of this investigation. On follow-up studies, it is definitely indicated that pulmonary to systemic pressure ratio (Pp/Ps) and vascular resistance ratio (Rp/Rs) have shown more rapid fall after repair in young infants than did in older children, and that some instances operated on after 2 years of age with Rp/Rs greater than 0.75 have shown progressive or stationary pulmonary vascular disease and thus these patients should be operated on before 2 years of age.

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Fluorescence Histochemical Study of the Central Monoaminergic Neuron System on Experimental Torticollis in the Cat

MASATSUNE ISHIKAWA

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (6), 457~470, 1976.

To determine whether or not the central monoaminergic neuron system is involved in the control of head and neck movement, the Falck-Hillarp fluorescence histochemical method was applied to experimental torticollis in cats. In animals with torticollis, the lesions were located in the ventromedial tegmentum of the rostral mesencephalon and significant retrograde changes in the ascending monoaminergic fibers were noted in the ventral tegmental area. These findings support the postulation that the monoaminergic neuron system does play a role in head and neck movement.

京都大学医学部脳神経外科学教室 石川正徳

Chemically Defined Diets from Viewpoint of Formation of Gallstones

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45(6), 471~482, 1976.

The lithogenicity and nutritional effects of a new commercial, chemically defined diet (Delmark Feeding Formula®) prepared for tube feeding were studied in hamsters in comparing with those fed with a chow diet or with our lithogenic solid or liquid diet.

The animals fed with the Delmark Feeding Formula® showed good growth and high serum protein levels but not high serum cholesterol levels. Although almost all animals fed with our lithogenic solid or liquid diet formed gallstones in their gallbladders, only one of the ten animals fed with the Delmark Feeding Formula® formed a small pigment stone.

京都大学医学部外科学教室第2講座 谷村 弘, 瀬戸山元一, 鎌田寿夫, 長瀬正夫, 日笠頼則

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A Collective Review of the 796 Cases of Gallstones Operated on at 23 Hospitals —The Second Report—

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (6), 483~486, 1976.

The operation records of the 796 patients operated on for cholelithiasis at 23 hospitals situated in Kinki district from September 1975 to August 1976 were collected in order to know the present status of cholelithiasis in Japan.

Although cholesterol stones in the gallbladder were so dominant as might be expected, bilirubin stones were still not infrequent, especially in elderly persons.

京都大学医学部外科学教室第2講座 長瀬正夫, 谷村 弘, 竹中正文, 瀬戸山元一, 鎌田寿夫

Gallstone Ileus

YOH KASAHARA, SEI SHIRAHARA, HIROYA UMEMURA and HIROMI TANABE

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KOJI SAKATA and HIDEO KUBOTA

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HIROSHI KOIZUMI and HITOSHI KADOTANI

Department of Internal Medicine, Kanazawa Nada Hospital, Kobe, Japan.

Arch. Jap. Chir., 45(6) 487~497 1976.

Sixty-four cases of gallstone ileus in Japan since 1903 to 1975 were collected with a brief clinical report of personal experience. This ileus was a complication of chronic disease of the biliary tract. But a quarter of the collected cases had no suspicious history of the disease of the biliary tract. Salient points in diagnosis and treatment were discussed. During the course of prolonged bowel obstruction, we should consider of the possibility of gallstone ileus in the differential diagnosis.

近畿大学医学部外科学教室第2講座 笠原 洋, 白羽 誠, 梅村博也, 田辺広己

金沢難病院外科 坂田康二, 久保田秀夫

〃 内科 小泉 広, 角谷 仁

36

Primary Hodgkin's Disease of the Ileum with Intussusception.

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Arch. Jap. Chir., 45 (6), 498~502, 1976.

Hodgkin's diseases of small intestine is very rare. Only five cases have been reported in Japanese literatures. A 48 year old man, complaining of the intermittent colicky pain and movable tumor in the abdomen, was diagnosed as the intussusception by the barium enema study at laparotomy, a tumor was found in the distal ileum which had led to the intussusception.

Pathologic findings revealed Hodgkin's diseases of the ileum.

投 稿 規 定 (昭. 49.7.1 改正)

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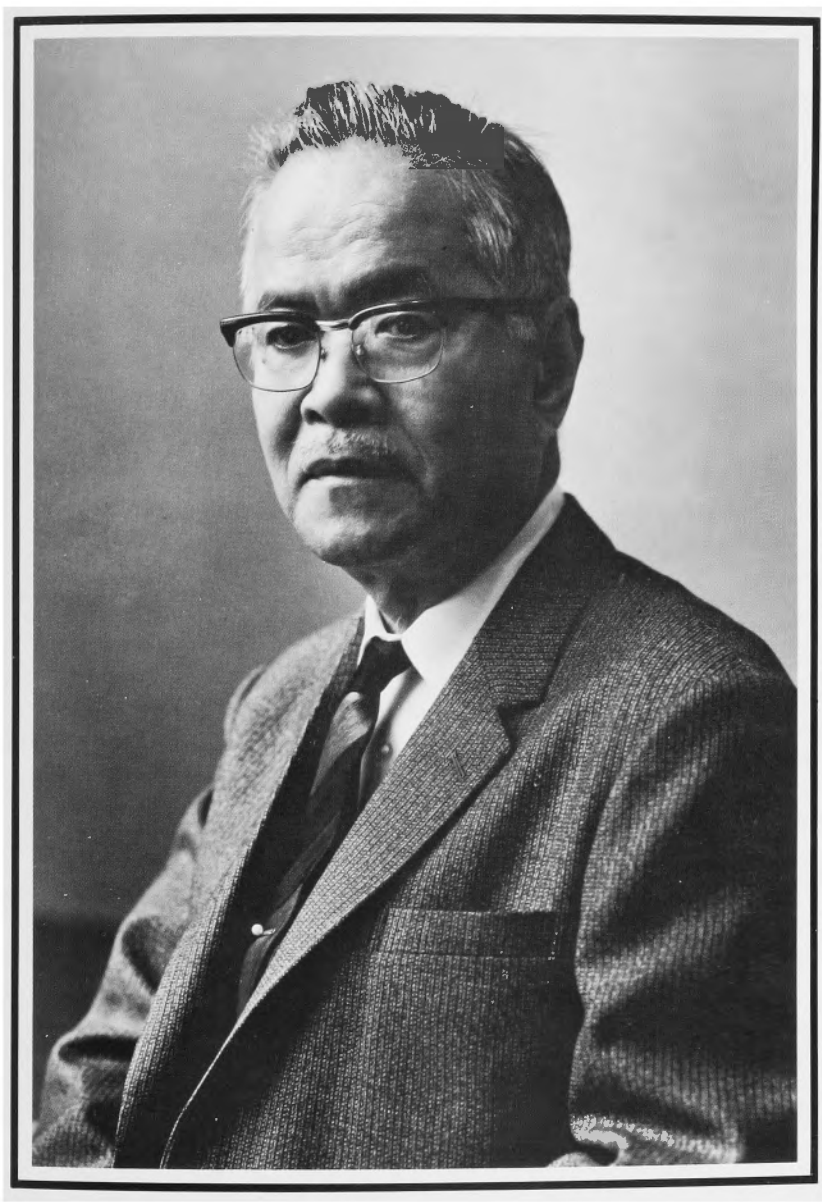
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弔 詞

本日、恩師荒木千里先生の御葬儀に当り、先生の御指導をいたゞき、最も身近かに過した者の一人として、先生の御遺徳を偲び、門下生を代表して、謹んで追悼の言葉を述べさせていただきます。

去る七月二日朝九時五分、先生は思い出多い京大外科北病舎跡の脳神経外科病棟で静かに永眠されました。もはやどうすることもできない最後の瞬間を迎えた時、深い悲しみと漠とした虚無感とともに、私は一人の偉大なる学者の終焉を思いました。

九州熊本から上洛してきた小柄な青年が、稀有な頭脳とひたむきな情熱をもち、わが国脳神経外科のパイオニアとして、今日の隆盛の礎をきずいた。それが先生の生涯であり、そのまゝわが国脳神経外科の歴史であると云えます。

国内に居りましても、諸外国にあっても、「私は荒木先生の弟子である」と、胸を張って云い、親の七光りを背に、先生の門下生であることに、私ども一同は誇りをもって生きてきました。

教室において、学問、研究に対しては、先生は実にきびしい方でありました。鋭い頭脳と卓越した着想をもたれ、門下生には常に適確を求められ、提出する原稿に対しては、時として辛辣な批判を下されました。先生に賞めていたゞくことは至難でありましたが、それに向って努力することは何よりの喜びでありました。

物事の決断をされる時の先生は実に明解でありました。私心をはさまれず、幾多の抵抗は熟知の上、強い意志と実行力をもって決断される先生は、非常に印象的であり、また尊敬する姿でありました。

しかし、反面、病舎会の時などの先生は、時が経つほどに、酔うほどに親しみやすく、十八番の枯すゝきを歌われる、話せる親爺であり、また一人娘薫さんの結婚式には、娘を嫁がせる淋しさを、酔いでまぎらわした人間味豊かな花嫁の父そのものでありました。

先生は教授在職二十四年の間に、数多くの結婚式の媒酌をされましたが、いつも新郎、新婦に饒けの言葉として、ドイツの王侯の箴言の一節

人はいつまでも若い

愛されてさえおれば

Wie lange man jung ist

So lange man geliebt ist

という言葉を贈られました。

Wie lange man jung ist

So lange man geliebt ist

と朗々と読み上げられる先生の声を思い浮べる時、私は謹厳実直な先生の、内に秘めたロマンを感じたのであります。

私は、はからずも、先生の御仕事と教室を継ぐことになりましたが、事ある毎に、先生の大きさを思い、「先生だったら、この場合どうされるか」と思って、過してまいりました。

先生が逝かれ、もうお目にかゝれることはできませんが、先生の偉業は永劫に残り、先生が育成された多くの弟子は、わが国外科および脳神経外科の各分野に活躍しております。先生がまかれた種は、立派に開花し、結実し、先生の業績を一層豊かに増すことと信じております。

先生の御冥福と、残された奥さま始め御家族の皆さまの御倅せを心からお祈り申し上げます。

昭和51年7月10日

門下生代表 半 田 肇